一、主動與被動的轉換

被動語態長相: <u>be Vpp</u> 主動型態: 5 V D

被動型態: O be Vpp by 5

EX.

主動型態: The mouse ate the cheese.

被動型態: The Cheese was eaten by mouse

二、各種型態的被動語態轉換

1.現在簡單式

長相: J, Vs, Ves

be Upp (am, is, are)

2.過去簡單式

長相: Ved ,不見則

be Vpp (was were)

3.未來簡單式

4.現在進行式

長相: be Ving

5.過去進行式

6.現在完成式

7.過去完成式

8.未來完成式

9 句子中有情態助動詞的被動語態

(1) 情態助動詞: will can, shall, may; would could, should, might

(2) 長相:

三、一些小細節的整理
1 used to V.S. be used to (1) used to 表 <u>過去的^智博</u>
EX. I used to live in Chicago. (2) be used to 表
EX. I am used to living in Chicago.
2 be supposed to → 語意:類似
四、考題 $\uparrow \bigvee_{V}$ \uparrow 1. We <u>prefer to</u> staff for senior-level positions. (A) recruit (B) be recruited (C) recruits (D) recruiting
2. A merger is currently by the board of directors. (A) consider (B) being considered (C) be considered (D) to consider
3. Employees for expenses when using their personal cars for business purposes. (A) reimbursed (B) are reimbursed (C) reimbursing (D) to reimburse
4. The number of flights to the South Pacific (A) is growing (B) growth (C) grow (D) to be grown

B	5. Management has asked that last month's expense report
	should in more detail.
	(A) clarify (B) be clarified (C) clarification (D) clarifies
2	6. The convention center on Market Street directly opposite a shopping
\mathcal{L}	mall.
	(A) located (B) locating (C) is located (D) location
	7. Senior personnel need to at least two training events this year.
\triangleright	(A) hosting (B) be hosted (C) being hosted (D) host
41	9. Salos representativo in my company are to become familiar with
	8. Sales representative in my company are to become familiar with
	competitors' products.
	(A) encourage (B) encourages (C) encouraged (D) encouraging
\circ	
1)	9. The project must by Ms. Lee.
	(A) approve (B) be approved (C) approving (D) to approve
A	10. The National Palace Museum its hours until 10:00 P.M. on the
/ \	weekend.
	(A) extends (B) extending (C) extensions (D) to be extended